

NUMERICAL ALGORITHMS FOR MAGNETOHYDRODYNAMICS OF FREE SURFACE MULTIFLUID SYSTEMS

R. Samulyak^a, W. Oh^{a,b}, J. Glimm^{a,b}

^aCenter for Data Intensive Computing
Brookhaven National Laboratory
Upton, New York 11973
rosamu@bnl.gov

^bDepartment of Applied Mathematics and Statistics
SUNY at Stony Brook
Stony Brook, New York 11794
woh@bnl.gov
glimm@ams.sunysb.edu

We have developed numerical algorithms and computational software for the study of magnetohydrodynamic (MHD) free surface flows in multifluid systems with strong discontinuities in physical properties. The system of MHD equations for free surface flows is an example of strongly coupled hyperbolic and parabolic/elliptic systems in moving and geometrically complex domains. The hyperbolic system is solved using the front tracking technique. Parallel algorithms for solving elliptic and parabolic equations in three dimensions with strong, geometrically complex discontinuities in the coefficient matrix defining the Laplacian operator were implemented using Raviart-Thomas and Whitney finite element discretizations on moving grids dynamically conforming to fluid interfaces. The method was implemented as an MHD extension of the FrontTier code. The code is applied for modeling the behavior of a liquid mercury jet interacting with high energy proton pulses in a strong magnetic field (the proposed target for the Muon Collider), lithium jets and films in magnetic confinement fusion devices, and some fundamental MHD problems.